Imagine a tiny creature with skin as bright and colorful as a rainbow, that's a poison dart frog for you! These little guys are no bigger than an adult's thumbnail, but don't let their size fool you. Their skin is a riot of colors, from blue to green, yellow to red, and everything in between. These flashy colors are not just for show, they are a warning sign to other animals that they are not a good snack!

Speaking of snacks, let's dive into what these tiny, colorful critters munch on. Poison dart frogs have a pretty varied diet, including ants, beetles, spiders, mites, and centipedes. They



use their long, sticky tongues to catch these tiny creatures. Interestingly, it's thought that their poisonous skin is a result of the toxic insects they eat in the wild!

Now that we've discussed their meal times, let's hop over to where they call home. These frogs are mostly found in Central and South American rainforests, living in the humid, wet environments under leaves and logs. They lay their eggs on leaves, and when the eggs hatch, the tadpoles stick to the male frog's back and he carries them to water! Each species of poison dart frog has its own unique call, making the rainforest a symphony of sounds.



From their homes in the rainforest, let's leap over to their relationship with us humans and other animals. Their bright colors and poison have made them a subject of fascination for humans and a warning for predators. Native tribes once used their toxic secretions to poison the tips of their blow darts, hence their name! So, while they might be small, poison dart frogs are definitely mighty, and a great reminder of how colorful and amazing nature can be.



### Solve each problem. Use the article to answer the

	<b>F</b>	
Use	the article to answer the question.	
1)	Where do poison dart frogs lay their eggs?	
	A. in the water	B. on leaves
	C. on tree trunks	D. in underground burrows
2)	What are the rainforests like where poison da	rt frogs live?
	A. windy and stormy	B. dry and sandy
	C. cold and snowy	D. humid and wet
3)	Why is a poison dart frog's skin thought to be	e toxic?
-)	A. It's a result of the toxic insects they eat	B. They get it from living in the rainforest
	C. They are born with it	D. They come into contact with
	c. They are boll with it	poisonous plants
4)	Why do poison dart frogs have bright, colorf	ul skin?
	A. to attract a mate	B. to camouflage themselves
	C. to absorb sunlight	D. to warn other animals that they are poisonous
5)	Where do poison dart frogs live?	
5)	A. in the African savannah	B. in the Australian outback
	C. in Central and South American rainforests	D. in the Arctic tundra
0	How do not son don't faces out the infood?	
0)	How do poison dart frogs catch their food?	P They trep their food in small pits they
	A. They use their long, sticky tongues	B. They trap their food in small pits they dig
	C. They use their hands	D. They chase and grab their food
7)	Why did native tribes use poison dart frog se	cretions?
	A. As a paint for their homes	B. As a cure for illnesses
	C. As a spice for their food	D. To poison the tips of their blow darts
8)	Who carries the poison dart frog tadpoles to	water?
,	A. the male frog	B. both the male and female frog
	C. the tadpoles travel to water on their own	D. the female frog
0)	What is interesting about the skin of poison of	lart frogs?
9)	A. It is toxic to predators.	B. It glows in the dark.
	-	-
	C. It is covered in tiny, hair-like structures.	D. It has a slimy texture.
10)	Where would you most likely find a poison of	lart frogs?
_~,		

A. under leaves and logs B. in rivers and streams

C. in burrows underground D. on the ground

Reading

www.CommonCoreSheets.com

Page 2 of 5

 1-10
 95
 90
 85
 80
 75
 70
 65
 60
 55
 50

 11-20
 45
 40
 35
 30
 25
 20
 15
 10
 5
 0



- **11**) What do poison dart frogs eat?
- B. Grass, leaves, nuts and berries
- centipedes C. Fish, birds, rodents and small mammals

A. Ants, beetles, spiders, mites, and

D. Fruit, seeds, roots and bark

# Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

- 12) "Rainforests are our home sweet home, we live under logs and leaves."
- 13) "I am as big as a football!"
- 14) "We're called poison dart frogs because we can shoot poisonous darts."
- 15) "My skin is as bright and colorful as a rainbow because I eat a lot of colorful fruits."
- **16**) "Even though we are super tiny, we can be really dangerous because of the poison on our skin."
- 17) "Do you know why we are so colorful? It's not just to look cool, but also to let everyone know that we are not a tasty snack!"
- 18) "Once my eggs hatch, the tadpoles are on their own. I don't bother with them."
- 19) "My beautiful skin colors mean that I'm delicious to eat."
- 20) "We eat fruits and vegetables for meals. That's why our skin is so vibrant!"
- 21) "We are from South America, where it's super hot and full of green rainforest."
- 22) "If you want to find me, look in the dry desert."
- **23**) "You must have heard that we are tiny, but you probably didn't know we're smaller than a grownup's thumb."
- 24) "I catch my food with my short, slippery tongue."

### Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- **25**) It is thought that the poisonous skin of poison dart frogs is a result of the toxic insects they eat in the wild.
- **26)** Their bright and colorful skin definitely makes poison dart frogs the most beautiful frogs in the world.
- 27) Poison dart frogs use their long, sticky tongues to catch their food.
- **28)** It is fascinating that poison dart frogs have a diet that consists of mostly small invertebrates.
- **29)** The bright colors of poison dart frogs serve as a warning to other animals that they are not safe to eat.
- **30)** The fact that poison dart frogs are brightly colored to warn predators is the cleverest defense mechanism in the animal kingdom.
- **31**) Mostly found in Central and South American rainforests, poison dart frogs like to live in humid and wet environments.
- 32) Ants, beetles, spiders and other little creatures make up the diet of poison dart frogs.
- **33**) The fact that poison dart frogs can be harmful to touch is a bit scary.

Reading

www.CommonCoreSheets.com



**34)** The name "poison dart frog" is both scary and fascinating.

#### Determine if the statement is true or false.

- 35) Native tribes once used the toxic secretions of poison dart frogs to poison their blow darts.
- **36**) Poison dart frogs eat only beetles.
- 37) The bright colors of poison dart frogs are a warning sign for other animals.
- **38)** Poison dart frogs are found all over the world.
- **39**) The tadpoles of poison dart frogs stick to their father's back.
- **40**) The bright colors on a poison dart frog are used to attract prey.
- 41) The tadpoles of poison dart frogs stick to the female frog's back.
- 42) Poison dart frogs use their long tails to catch their prey.
- **43**) Poison dart frogs can be found in South American rainforests.
- 44) Poison dart frogs eat spiders and centipedes.

### Determine which choice is the expanded form of the underlined contraction.

- **45**) Some poison dart frogs <u>can't</u> change their colors, but they're still bright.
  - A. can B. cannot
  - C. will not D. do not
- 46) <u>There's</u> a lot of variety in the colors and patterns of poison dart frogs.
  - A. There isB. There werea. There isb. There were
  - C. There are D. There have

#### 47) Poison dart frogs <u>don't</u> usually grow larger than 2 inches.

- A. does not B. cannot
- C. did not D. do not

#### **48)** It's important not to touch these frogs because their skin is toxic.

- A. It is B. It was
- C. It does D. It has
- **49)** <u>They're</u> called poison dart frogs because their toxins were used in darts.
  - A. They doB. They were
  - C. They are D. They have

# Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- **50)** Poison dart frogs are known for their toxic skin.
- 51) How many different species of poison dart frogs are there?
- 52) Poison dart frogs live in rainforests in Central and South America.
- 53) Poison dart frogs are brightly colored.
- 54) Where can poison dart frogs be found?
- 55) Are poison dart frogs really poisonous?

			Poison Dart Fi	og	Name:	
1.		26.		51.		
2.		27.				
3.		28.		53.		
4.		29.		54.		
5.		30.		55.		
6.		31.				
7.		32.				
8.		33.				
9.		34.				
10.		35.				
11.		36.				
12.		37.				
13.		38.				
14.		39.				
15.		40.				
16.		41.				
17.		42.				
18.		43.				
19.		44.				
20.		45.				
21.		46.				
22.		47.				
23.		48.				
24.		49.				
25.		50.				
	Reading	www.Comme	onCoreSheets.com	Page 5 of 5		

Imagine a tiny creature with skin as bright and colorful as a rainbow, that's a poison dart frog for you! These little guys are no bigger than an adult's thumbnail, but don't let their size fool you. Their skin is a riot of colors, from blue to green, yellow to red, and everything in between. These flashy colors are not just for show, they are a warning sign to other animals that they are not a good snack!

Speaking of snacks, let's dive into what these tiny, colorful critters munch on. Poison dart frogs have a pretty varied diet, including ants, beetles, spiders, mites, and centipedes. They



use their long, sticky tongues to catch these tiny creatures. Interestingly, it's thought that their poisonous skin is a result of the toxic insects they eat in the wild!

Now that we've discussed their meal times, let's hop over to where they call home. These frogs are mostly found in Central and South American rainforests, living in the humid, wet environments under leaves and logs. They lay their eggs on leaves, and when the eggs hatch, the tadpoles stick to the male frog's back and he carries them to water! Each species of poison dart frog has its own unique call, making the rainforest a symphony of sounds.



From their homes in the rainforest, let's leap over to their relationship with us humans and other animals. Their bright colors and poison have made them a subject of fascination for humans and a warning for predators. Native tribes once used their toxic secretions to poison the tips of their blow darts, hence their name! So, while they might be small, poison dart frogs are definitely mighty, and a great reminder of how colorful and amazing nature can be.



Name: Answer Key

### Solve each problem.

<b>S01</b>	e each problem.		
	the article to answer the question.		
1)	Where do poison dart frogs lay their eggs?		
	A. in the water	В.	on leaves
	C. on tree trunks	D.	in underground burrows
2)	What are the rainforests like where poison da		•
	A. windy and stormy	В.	dry and sandy
	C. cold and snowy	D.	humid and wet
3)	Why is a poison dart frog's skin thought to be	e tox	tic?
	A. It's a result of the toxic insects they eat	B.	They get it from living in the rainforest
	C. They are born with it	D.	They come into contact with poisonous plants
4)	Why do poison dart frogs have bright, colorf	ul sł	xin?
	A. to attract a mate	B.	to camouflage themselves
	C. to absorb sunlight	D.	to warn other animals that they are poisonous
5)	Where do poison dart frogs live?		
ŕ	A. in the African savannah	B.	in the Australian outback
	C. in Central and South American rainforests	D.	in the Arctic tundra
6)	How do poison dart frogs catch their food?		
,	A. They use their long, sticky tongues	B.	They trap their food in small pits they dig
	C. They use their hands	D.	They chase and grab their food
7)	Why did native tribes use poison dart frog se	creti	ions?
- )	A. As a paint for their homes		As a cure for illnesses
	C. As a spice for their food	D.	To poison the tips of their blow darts
8)	Who carries the poison dart frog tadpoles to	wate	er?
-	A. the male frog		both the male and female frog
	C. the tadpoles travel to water on their own	D.	the female frog
9)	What is interesting about the skin of poison of	lart	frogs?
- )	A. It is toxic to predators.		It glows in the dark.
	C. It is covered in tiny, hair-like structures.		It has a slimy texture.
10)	Where would you most likely find a poison of	lart t	frogs?
10)	A. under leaves and logs		in rivers and streams
	C. in burrows underground		on the ground
		2.	on the Broand

Reading

www.CommonCoreSheets.com



- **11**) What do poison dart frogs eat?
- B. Grass, leaves, nuts and berries
- centipedes C. Fish, birds, rodents and small mammals

A. Ants, beetles, spiders, mites, and

D. Fruit, seeds, roots and bark

# Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

- 12) "Rainforests are our home sweet home, we live under logs and leaves."
- 13) "I am as big as a football!"
- 14) "We're called poison dart frogs because we can shoot poisonous darts."
- 15) "My skin is as bright and colorful as a rainbow because I eat a lot of colorful fruits."
- **16**) "Even though we are super tiny, we can be really dangerous because of the poison on our skin."
- 17) "Do you know why we are so colorful? It's not just to look cool, but also to let everyone know that we are not a tasty snack!"
- 18) "Once my eggs hatch, the tadpoles are on their own. I don't bother with them."
- 19) "My beautiful skin colors mean that I'm delicious to eat."
- 20) "We eat fruits and vegetables for meals. That's why our skin is so vibrant!"
- 21) "We are from South America, where it's super hot and full of green rainforest."
- 22) "If you want to find me, look in the dry desert."
- **23**) "You must have heard that we are tiny, but you probably didn't know we're smaller than a grownup's thumb."
- 24) "I catch my food with my short, slippery tongue."

### Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- **25**) It is thought that the poisonous skin of poison dart frogs is a result of the toxic insects they eat in the wild.
- **26)** Their bright and colorful skin definitely makes poison dart frogs the most beautiful frogs in the world.
- 27) Poison dart frogs use their long, sticky tongues to catch their food.
- **28)** It is fascinating that poison dart frogs have a diet that consists of mostly small invertebrates.
- **29)** The bright colors of poison dart frogs serve as a warning to other animals that they are not safe to eat.
- **30)** The fact that poison dart frogs are brightly colored to warn predators is the cleverest defense mechanism in the animal kingdom.
- **31**) Mostly found in Central and South American rainforests, poison dart frogs like to live in humid and wet environments.
- **32)** Ants, beetles, spiders and other little creatures make up the diet of poison dart frogs.
- **33**) The fact that poison dart frogs can be harmful to touch is a bit scary.

Reading

Name: **Answer Key** 

**34**) The name "poison dart frog" is both scary and fascinating.

### Determine if the statement is true or false.

- 35) Native tribes once used the toxic secretions of poison dart frogs to poison their blow darts.
- **36**) Poison dart frogs eat only beetles.
- 37) The bright colors of poison dart frogs are a warning sign for other animals.
- **38)** Poison dart frogs are found all over the world.
- **39)** The tadpoles of poison dart frogs stick to their father's back.
- **40**) The bright colors on a poison dart frog are used to attract prey.
- **41**) The tadpoles of poison dart frogs stick to the female frog's back.
- 42) Poison dart frogs use their long tails to catch their prey.
- **43**) Poison dart frogs can be found in South American rainforests.
- 44) Poison dart frogs eat spiders and centipedes.

### Determine which choice is the expanded form of the underlined contraction.

- **45**) Some poison dart frogs <u>can't</u> change their colors, but they're still bright.
  - A. can B. cannot
  - C. will not D. do not
- 46) <u>There's</u> a lot of variety in the colors and patterns of poison dart frogs.
  - A. There isB. There wereA. There isD. There were
  - C. There are D. There have

47) Poison dart frogs <u>don't</u> usually grow larger than 2 inches.

- A. does not B. cannot
- C. did not D. do not

48) It's important not to touch these frogs because their skin is toxic.

- A. It is B. It was
  - C. It does D. It has

**49**) <u>They're</u> called poison dart frogs because their toxins were used in darts.

- A. They doB. They were
- C. They are D. They have

# Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- **50)** Poison dart frogs are known for their toxic skin.
- 51) How many different species of poison dart frogs are there?
- 52) Poison dart frogs live in rainforests in Central and South America.
- **53**) Poison dart frogs are brightly colored.
- 54) Where can poison dart frogs be found?
- **55**) Are poison dart frogs really poisonous?

			Poison Dart Frog			Name:	Answer Key
1.	В	26.	opinion	51.	interrogative		
2.	D	27.	fact	52.	declarative		
3.	A	28.	opinion	53.	declarative		
4.	<b>D</b>	29.	fact	54.	interrogative		
5.	С	30.	opinion	55.	interrogative		
6.	A	31.	fact				
7.	<b>D</b>	32.	fact				
8.	A	33.	opinion				
9.	A	34.	opinion				
10.	A	35.	true				
11.	A	36.	false				
12.	true	37.	true				
13.	false	38.	false				
14.	false	39.	true				
15.	false	40.	false				
16.	true	41.	false				
17.	true	42.	false				
18.	false	43.	true				
19.	false	44.	true				
20.	false	45.	В				
21.	true	46.	Α				
22.	false	47.	D				
23.	true	48.	Α				
24.	false	49.	С				
25.	fact	50.	declarative				
		ww.Commo	nCoreSheets.com	Page	4 of 4		

		n Duit 1105	i tuine.							
Solv	e each problem.									
Use	the article to answer the question.									
1)	Where do poison dart frogs lay their eg	ggs? (paragraph 3)								
	A. in the water	B. on leaves								
	С.	D.								
2)	What are the rainforests like where poi	son dart frogs live? (paragraph 3)								
,	A.	B. dry and sandy								
	С.	D. humid and wet								
3)	Why is a poison dart frog's skin though	Why is a poison dart frog's skin thought to be toxic? (paragraph 2)								
- )	A. It's a result of the toxic insects they eat									
	С.	D.								
4)	Why do poison dart frogs have bright,	colorful skin? (paragraph 1)								
	A. to attract a mate	B. to camouflage then	nselves							
	С.	D. to warn other animpoisonous	als that they are							
5)	Where do poison dart frogs live? (paragra	aph 3)								
- )	A. in the African savannah	В.								
	C. in Central and South American rainforests	D.								
6)	How do poison dart frogs catch their for	$\mathbf{DOd}$ ? (paragraph 2)								
	A. They use their long, sticky tongues		d in small pits they							
	С.	D.								
7)	Why did native tribes use poison dart f	rog secretions? (paragraph 4)								
	А.	B. As a cure for illnes	ses							
	С.	D. To poison the tips of	of their blow darts							
8)	Who carries the poison dart frog tadpo	les to water? (paragraph 3)								
	A. the male frog	В.								
	С.	D.								
9)	What is interesting about the skin of po	Dison dart frogs? (paragraph 4)								
	A. It is toxic to predators.	B.								
	С.	D.								
10)	Where would you most likely find a po	bison dart frogs? (paragraph 3)								
	• • • •	•								
	A. under leaves and logs	В.								

	Poison Dart Frog	Name:	
<ul><li>11) What do poison dart frogs e</li><li>A. Ants, beetles, spiders, r</li><li>centipedes</li></ul>		s, nuts and berries	
C.	D.		

# Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

### 12) "Rainforests are our home sweet home, we live under logs and leaves." (paragraph 3)

1-10	92	83	75	67	58	50	42	33	25	17
11-12	8	0								