Get ready to meet a cool insect that clicks and flips the click beetle! These tiny performers are usually brown or black, and their body shape is long and slender. They range in size from 2.5 to 18 mm, so some are as tiny as a



grain of rice while others are as big as a peanut. What makes them special is a unique hinge they have on their body that makes a clicking sound and causes them to flip into the air when they feel threatened.

Speaking of threats, let's talk about where these acrobatics masters live and what might make them click and flip. Click beetles can be found all over the world, from North America to Europe, Asia, and Africa, living in fields, forests, and even your own backyard. They love to hide under the bark of trees, inside plant stems, or under rocks. Now you know where to look if you want to find one!

You might wonder, what do these beetles eat? Well, adult click beetles like to munch on nectar, pollen, and sometimes soft parts of plants. Their larvae, known as wireworms, have a different diet and feed on roots of plants, sometimes causing damage to crops. So, these beetles can be both friends and foes to farmers.

You've learned about their looks, where they live, and what they eat, but what about their lifecycle? Click beetles lay their eggs in the soil, and the larvae can live underground for up to four years before they become adult beetles. Unlike butterflies or bees, click beetles don't make a cocoon or hive, but they do have a pupal stage before they become adults. So, these fascinating beetles are not only acrobats but also masters of transformation!



From their unique clicking and flipping to their long underground childhood, click beetles sure are interesting insects!



Solve each problem.

Use the article to answer the question.

1) What do the larvae of click beetles eat?

A. Nectar and pollen B. Roots of plants

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2) Where do click beetles lay their eggs?

A. In the soilB. In the bark of treesC. Under rocksD. Inside plant stems

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A. A hinge that allows them to click and flip

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4) Where do click beetles like to hide?

A. In the leaves of plants B. Under the bark of trees

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5) What do adult click beetles NOT eat?

A. SoilB. PollenC. The soft parts of plantsD. Nectar

6) How big can a click beetle be?

A. They are microscopic

B. They are about the size of a ruler

C. They vary in size D. They are the size of a pencil

7) Where can you find click beetles?

A. Only in Africa B. All over the world

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8) What do click beetles do when they feel threatened?

A. They spit a poisonous venom

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9) How long can the larvae of click beetles live underground?

A. Up to four yearsB. Up to one yearC. Up to two yearsD. Up to three years

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Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

- 12) "I'm not an insect."
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- 14) "Adult click beetles like me aren't much of a threat to crops, but our larvae can be."
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- **16)** "My body shape is round and chubby."
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- **19**) "I solely live in desert areas."
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- **34)** Click beetles are usually brown or black in color.
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Determine if the statement is true or false.

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	Clic	k Beetle	Name:	
1.	 26.	51		
2.	 27.	52.		
3.	 28.	53.		
4.	 29.	54		
5.	 30.	55		
6.	 31.	56		
7.	 32.	57		
8.	 33.	58.		
9.	 34.			
10.	 35.			
11.	 36.			
12.	 37.			
13.	 38.			
14.	 39.			
15.	 40.			
16.	 41.			
17.	 42.			
18.	 43.			
19.	 44.			
20.	 45.			
21.	 46.			
22.	 47.			
23.	 48.			

Reading

24.

50.

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Answer Key

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Click Beetle

Answer Key Name:

			Chek Beetle
1.	В	26.	true
2.	A	27.	false
3.	<u>A</u>	28.	true
4.	В	29.	true
5.	A	30.	fact
6.	C	31.	opinion
7.	В	32.	fact
8.	C	33.	opinion
9.	A	34.	fact
10.	D	35.	opinion
11.	<u>A</u>	36.	fact
12.	false	37.	fact
13.	false	38.	opinion
14.	true	39.	opinion
15.	true	40.	true
16.	false	41.	false
17.	true	42.	true
18.	true	43.	false
19.	false	44.	true
20.	false	45.	false
21.	false	46.	false
22.	false	47.	false
23.	true	48.	true
24.	true	49.	true
25.	true	50.	declarative



Click Beetle

Name:

Solve each problem.

Use th	e article	to	answer	the	question.
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A. B. Roots of plants

C. D.

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A. In the soil B. C. D.

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C. D.

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C. D.

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