Have you ever seen a snake with a diamond pattern and a noisy rattle at the end of its tail? Well, that's a western diamondback rattlesnake for you, one of the most fascinating creatures in the animal kingdom! These snakes are easily recognizable by their distinctive pattern of dark diamond shapes lined with cream or white along their backs. And you wouldn't miss their famous noise-maker, the rattle, which they shake when they feel threatened.

Speaking of their rattles, did you know that western diamondback rattlesnakes use them in more ways than one? Not only do they use them to warn off potential threats, but they also use them to communicate with other rattlesnakes. When it comes to food, they are carnivores and their diet mainly consists of small mammals like rats, mice, and occasionally birds and lizards. They have a cool way of hunting too, they lie in wait and strike rapidly when their prey comes close enough.



Now, you might be wondering where these rattling hunters live. Western diamondback rattlesnakes are found in the southwestern United States and Mexico, and they prefer desert areas, grasslands, forests, and rocky hillsides. These rattlesnakes undergo what we call a 'life cycle', from baby snakes, growing into juveniles and eventually becoming adults. Each year, female rattlesnakes give birth to live young, which is quite different from many other snakes that lay eggs!



While they might seem a little scary, western diamondback rattlesnakes play a big role in our world. These slithering creatures help control pest populations, like rats and mice, which is a great help to humans! But, it's important to remember that they are wild animals, and we should always respect their space and consider their safety, just as we would want them to do for us. So, next time you spot one, remember their cool diamond pattern, rattling tail, and the important role they play in our ecosystem.

Solve each problem.

 Use the article to answer the question. 1) What is the pattern on the back of the western diamondback rattlesnake? A. Spots of green and blue B. Dark diamonds C. Stripes of black and yellow D. Solid brown color 2) When do female western diamondback rattlesnakes give birth? A. Only once in their lifetime B. Each year C. Every 5 years D. Twice a year 3) How does the western diamondback rattlesnake hunt for its prey? A. Catches its prey in a pit it digs B. Chases its prey C. Lies in wait and strikes rapidly when the prey is close 4) What is unique about how western diamondback rattlesnakes reproduce? A. They lay eggs that are almost the prey is close 4) What is unique about how western diamondback rattlesnakes reproduce? A. They lay eggs that are almost the prey is close 5) What do western diamondback rattlesnakes use to communicate with other rattlesnakes? A. Hisses B. Flashing colors C. Gestures D. Rattles 6) What does the western diamondback rattlesnake do when it feels threatened? A. Play dead B. Shakes its ratule C. Run away D. Hisses loudly 7) Where can the western diamondback rattlesnakes follow? A. Herbivronus B. Carnivorous C. Europe and Australia D. Africa and Asia 8) What kind of diet do western diamondback rattlesnake follow? A. Herbivronus B. Carnivorous C. Insectis and worms B. Fruits and berries C. Fish and amphibians D. Small mammals like rats and mice. 10) What part of the western diamondback rattlesnake makes noise? A. Its fangs B. Its tongue C. His cales D. Its tail 	Solv	Solve each problem.			
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		-			
		C. Its scales	D. Its tail		

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

- 11) "I only live close to the beach."
- 12) "I don't eat fruits and vegetables, I prefer a diet of small mammals like rats or mice."
- 13) "You can spot me by the circular patterns on my back."
- 14) "I lay eggs like all the other snakes!"
- **15**) "When I'm hungry, I don't chase my dinner, instead, I lie in wait and quickly strike when my prey is close."
- 16) "I'm picky with my food. I only eat organic fruits and vegetables."
- 17) "I may look scary, but I help control pests like rats and mice, which is good for humans."
- **18)** "Despite my rattling, you should know I don't want to fight, I'm just trying to say I'm scared."
- **19)** "I chase down my prey over long distances."
- 20) "All I eat are plants, the greener the better."
- 21) "Unlike some other snakes, I don't lay eggs. Instead, my mom gives birth to live babies."

Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 22) Female western diamondback snakes give birth to live young each year.
- **23)** It's really fascinating that western diamondback rattlesnakes use their rattles to communicate with other snakes.
- 24) Western diamondback rattlesnakes wait in ambush and strike at their prey.
- **25)** It's amazing how quickly western diamondback rattlesnakes can strike and catch their prey.
- **26)** Western diamondback rattlesnakes communicate with other rattlesnakes by using their rattles.
- 27) The way western diamondback rattlesnakes wait for their prey to get close enough before striking is really cool to watch.
- **28)** Western diamondback rattlesnakes primarily live in regions with dry climates such as deserts and grasslands.
- **29)** The diet of Western Diamondback Rattlesnakes consists mainly of small mammals like rats and mice.
- **30)** The pattern of dark diamond shapes on the back of a western diamondback rattlesnake looks really cool.
- **31**) The rattling sound a western diamondback rattlesnake makes when it shakes its tail is really scary.

Determine if the statement is true or false.

- 32) Female western diamondback rattlesnakes give birth to live young.
- **33**) Western diamondback rattlesnakes are only found in jungles.
- 34) Western diamondback rattlesnakes help control pest populations, like rats and mice.
- **35)** Western diamondback rattlesnakes can be found in the northeastern United States.
- **36)** Western diamondback rattlesnakes mainly eat small mammals.
- **37)** Western diamondback rattlesnakes only eat small insects.



- **38)** Western diamondback rattlesnakes prefer to hunt by chasing their prey.
- **39**) Western diamondback rattlesnakes lay eggs and abandon them.
- **40)** Western diamondback rattlesnakes mainly live in the southwestern United States and Mexico.
- 41) Western diamondback rattlesnakes shake their tail to communicate with other rattlesnakes.

Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- 42) Western diamondback rattlesnakes eat small mammals such as mice and rats.
- **43)** Do western diamondback rattlesnakes lay eggs or give live birth?
- 44) Western diamondback rattlesnakes are found in North and Central America.
- **45)** Western diamondback rattlesnakes are venomous snakes.
- **46)** What is the sound made by a western diamondback rattlesnake called?
- **47)** Where do western diamondback rattlesnakes live?

Western Diamondback Rattlesnake

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Have you ever seen a snake with a diamond pattern and a noisy rattle at the end of its tail? Well, that's a western diamondback rattlesnake for you, one of the most fascinating creatures in the animal kingdom! These snakes are easily recognizable by their distinctive pattern of dark diamond shapes lined with cream or white along their backs. And you wouldn't miss their famous noise-maker, the rattle, which they shake when they feel threatened.

Speaking of their rattles, did you know that western diamondback rattlesnakes use them in more ways than one? Not only do they use them to warn off potential threats, but they also use them to communicate with other rattlesnakes. When it comes to food, they are carnivores and their diet mainly consists of small mammals like rats, mice, and occasionally birds and lizards. They have a cool way of hunting too, they lie in wait and strike rapidly when their prey comes close enough.



Now, you might be wondering where these rattling hunters live. Western diamondback rattlesnakes are found in the southwestern United States and Mexico, and they prefer desert areas, grasslands, forests, and rocky hillsides. These rattlesnakes undergo what we call a 'life cycle', from baby snakes, growing into juveniles and eventually becoming adults. Each year, female rattlesnakes give birth to live young, which is quite different from many other snakes that lay eggs!



While they might seem a little scary, western diamondback rattlesnakes play a big role in our world. These slithering creatures help control pest populations, like rats and mice, which is a great help to humans! But, it's important to remember that they are wild animals, and we should always respect their space and consider their safety, just as we would want them to do for us. So, next time you spot one, remember their cool diamond pattern, rattling tail, and the important role they play in our ecosystem.

Solve each problem

Solv	Solve each problem.				
	the article to answer the question.				
1)	What is the pattern on the back of the western diamondback rattlesnake?				
	A. Spots of green and blue		Dark diamonds		
	C. Stripes of black and yellow	D.	Solid brown color		
2)	When do female western diamondback rattle	snal	xes give birth?		
	A. Only once in their lifetime		Each year		
	C. Every 5 years	D.	Twice a year		
3)	How does the western diamondback rattlesnake hunt for its prey?				
	A. Catches its prey in a pit it digs	B.	Chases its prey		
	C. Lies in wait and strikes rapidly when the prey is close	D.	Lures its prey with a scent		
4)	4) What is unique about how western diamondback rattlesnakes reproduce?				
-	A. They lay eggs that are almost		They give birth to live young		
	microscopic	2.			
	C. They lay up to 200 eggs at a time	D.	They lay just 1 large egg with		
			hundreds of snakes		
5)	What do western diamondback rattlesnakes u	ise t	o communicate with other rattlesnakes?		
,	A. Hisses		Flashing colors		
	C. Gestures	D.	Rattles		
6)	What does the western diamondback rattlesn	ake	do when it feels threatened?		
-)	A. Play dead		Shakes its rattle		
	C. Run away	D.	Hisses loudly		
7)	Where can the western diamondback rattlesn	ake	be found?		
1)	A. Southwestern United States and				
	Mexico				
	C. Europe and Australia	D.	Africa and Asia		
8)	What kind of diet do western diamondback ra	attle	esnakes follow?		
0)	A. Herbivorous		Carnivorous		
	C. Omnivorous	D.	Insectivorous		
0)	What is the dist of a mastern diamondheal m	441 a	analise mainly assumptional of 9		
9)	What is the diet of a western diamondback ra A. Insects and worms		Fruits and berries		
	C. Fish and amphibians		Small mammals like rats and mice.		
	_				
10)	What part of the western diamondback rattlesnake makes noise?				
	A. Its fangs		Its tongue		
	C. Its scales	D.	Its tail		

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

- 11) "I only live close to the beach."
- 12) "I don't eat fruits and vegetables, I prefer a diet of small mammals like rats or mice."
- 13) "You can spot me by the circular patterns on my back."
- 14) "I lay eggs like all the other snakes!"
- **15**) "When I'm hungry, I don't chase my dinner, instead, I lie in wait and quickly strike when my prey is close."
- 16) "I'm picky with my food. I only eat organic fruits and vegetables."
- 17) "I may look scary, but I help control pests like rats and mice, which is good for humans."
- **18)** "Despite my rattling, you should know I don't want to fight, I'm just trying to say I'm scared."
- **19**) "I chase down my prey over long distances."
- 20) "All I eat are plants, the greener the better."
- 21) "Unlike some other snakes, I don't lay eggs. Instead, my mom gives birth to live babies."

Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 22) Female western diamondback snakes give birth to live young each year.
- **23)** It's really fascinating that western diamondback rattlesnakes use their rattles to communicate with other snakes.
- 24) Western diamondback rattlesnakes wait in ambush and strike at their prey.
- **25)** It's amazing how quickly western diamondback rattlesnakes can strike and catch their prey.
- **26)** Western diamondback rattlesnakes communicate with other rattlesnakes by using their rattles.
- 27) The way western diamondback rattlesnakes wait for their prey to get close enough before striking is really cool to watch.
- **28)** Western diamondback rattlesnakes primarily live in regions with dry climates such as deserts and grasslands.
- **29)** The diet of Western Diamondback Rattlesnakes consists mainly of small mammals like rats and mice.
- **30)** The pattern of dark diamond shapes on the back of a western diamondback rattlesnake looks really cool.
- **31**) The rattling sound a western diamondback rattlesnake makes when it shakes its tail is really scary.

Determine if the statement is true or false.

- 32) Female western diamondback rattlesnakes give birth to live young.
- **33**) Western diamondback rattlesnakes are only found in jungles.
- 34) Western diamondback rattlesnakes help control pest populations, like rats and mice.
- **35)** Western diamondback rattlesnakes can be found in the northeastern United States.
- **36)** Western diamondback rattlesnakes mainly eat small mammals.
- **37)** Western diamondback rattlesnakes only eat small insects.



- **38)** Western diamondback rattlesnakes prefer to hunt by chasing their prey.
- **39**) Western diamondback rattlesnakes lay eggs and abandon them.
- **40)** Western diamondback rattlesnakes mainly live in the southwestern United States and Mexico.
- 41) Western diamondback rattlesnakes shake their tail to communicate with other rattlesnakes.

Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- 42) Western diamondback rattlesnakes eat small mammals such as mice and rats.
- 43) Do western diamondback rattlesnakes lay eggs or give live birth?
- 44) Western diamondback rattlesnakes are found in North and Central America.
- 45) Western diamondback rattlesnakes are venomous snakes.
- **46)** What is the sound made by a western diamondback rattlesnake called?
- **47)** Where do western diamondback rattlesnakes live?

		Westerr	n Diamondback	Rattlesnake	Name:	Answer Key
1.	В	26.	fact			
2.	В	27.	opinion			
3.	С	28.	fact			
4.	В	29.	fact			
5.	D	30.	opinion			
6.	В	31.	opinion			
7.	Α	32.	true			
8.	В	33.	false			
9.	D	34.	true			
10.	D	35.	false			
11.	false	36.	true			
12.	true	37.	false			
13.	false	38.	false			
14.	false	39.	false			
15.	true	40.	true			
16.	false	41.	true			
17.	true	42.	declarative			
18.	true	43.	interrogative			
19.	false	44.	declarative			
20.	false	45.	declarative			
21.	true	46.	interrogative			
22.	fact	47.	interrogative			
23.	opinion					
24.	fact					
25.	opinion					
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Solv	e each problem.	
	the article to answer the question. What is the pattern on the back of the weste	rn diamondback rattlesnake? (paragraph 1)
	A. Spots of green and blueC.	B. Dark diamondsD.
2)	When do female western diamondback rattl A. Only once in their lifetime C.	esnakes give birth? (paragraph 3) B. Each year D.
3)	How does the western diamondback rattlesrA.C. Lies in wait and strikes rapidly when the prey is close	nake hunt for its prey? (paragraph 2) B. Chases its prey D.
4)	What is unique about how western diamond A. C.	B. They give birth to live youngD.
5)	What do western diamondback rattlesnakes (paragraph 2) A. Hisses C.	use to communicate with other rattlesnakes? B. D. Rattles
6)	What does the western diamondback rattles A. Play dead C.	nake do when it feels threatened? (paragraph 1) B. Shakes its rattle D.
7)	Where can the western diamondback rattlesA. Southwestern United States and MexicoC.	nake be found? (paragraph 3) B. Antarctica and North Pole D.
8)	C. What kind of diet do western diamondback A. C.	
9)	What is the diet of a western diamondback of A. Insects and worms C.	rattlesnake mainly comprised of? (paragraph 2) B. D. Small mammals like rats and mice.
10)	What part of the western diamondback rattle A. C.	esnake makes noise? (paragraph 1) B. Its tongue D. Its tail

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

- 11) "I only live close to the beach." (paragraph 3)
- 12) "I don't eat fruits and vegetables, I prefer a diet of small mammals like rats or mice." (paragraph 2)