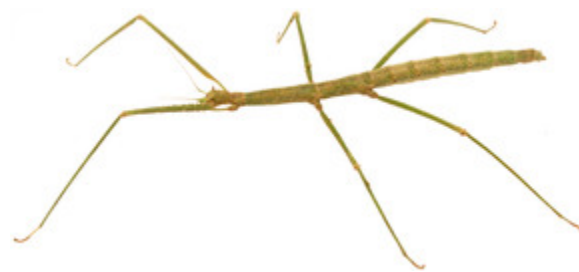




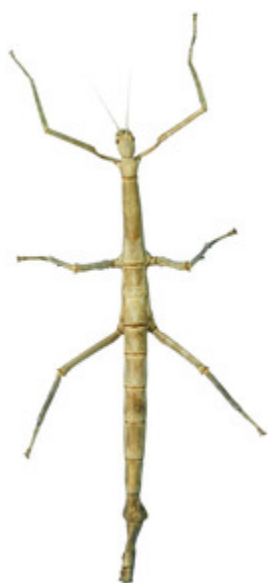
Imagine a creature that looks like a twig, but surprise, it's an insect! This fascinating creature, known as a walking stick, is so good at camouflage, it can easily trick you into thinking it's just a twig hanging from a tree. They have long, slender bodies and legs, with colors ranging from green to brown, perfectly blending with their surroundings. These curious critters are one of the most unique members of the insect world, and they're just waiting to amaze you with their cool tricks!



Speaking of tricks, let's explore some of their survival strategies. Walking sticks are herbivores, which means they munch on leaves, especially the yummy ones from oak and hazelnut trees. When a predator approaches, they play dead or drop from the trees to escape, and if that doesn't work, some can even squirt a smelly spray to scare the predator away! It's a bug-eat-bug world out there, and these guys are fully equipped for it.

From being a master of disguise to having a unique diet, walking sticks sure are interesting, but let's take a peek into their life cycle. The female lays her eggs by dropping them to the ground where they hide among the leaf litter until they hatch. Once they hatch, the baby walking sticks, called nymphs, will grow into adults, shedding their skin as they get bigger. The whole process is a fascinating cycle of growth and transformation.

Now that we know all about their lives, let's see how these little critters interact with us humans and other animals. While they do not have a direct impact on humans, their primary defense mechanism can be irritating if the liquid gets in our eyes. As for other animals, birds, reptiles, and small mammals might see them as a tasty snack, although their camouflage and defenses often keep them safe. These twig-like insects are not just unique in appearance, but they also hold a special place in the web of life, teaching us about the wonders of adaptation and survival.





**Solve each problem.**

**Use the article to answer the question.**

- 1) What do walking sticks eat?
 

A. Leaves from oak and hazelnut trees.	B. Honey and flower nectar.
C. Small insects and bugs.	D. Human blood and skin flakes.
  
- 2) What color can walking sticks be?
 

A. Yellow and purple	B. Green to brown
C. Black and white	D. Red and blue
  
- 3) What are baby walking sticks called?
 

A. Nymphs.	B. Larvae.
C. Pupae.	D. Infants.
  
- 4) Are walking stick insects harmful to humans?
 

A. Yes, they are extremely poisonous	B. No, they are completely harmless
C. Only if their defense liquid gets in our eyes	D. Yes, their bite can cause serious injury
  
- 5) How do female walking sticks lay their eggs?
 

A. By burying them deep in the soil	B. By laying them in a nest in the trees
C. By hiding them in a leafy cocoon	D. By dropping them to the ground
  
- 6) How can walking sticks escape from predators?
 

A. They play dead.	B. They change their color.
C. They run very fast.	D. They fly away.
  
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A. Birds and reptiles.	B. Elephants and giraffes.
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- 8) Where do walking sticks live?
 

A. Underground in burrows	B. In trees
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- 9) What can walking sticks do to scare predators away?
 

A. Squirt a smelly spray	B. Puff up their body to 4 times its size
C. Make a loud screeching noise	D. Flash their bright underbelly
  
- 10) What type of diet do walking stick insects have?
 

A. Seed-eaters, munching on a variety of seeds	B. Fruit-eaters, feeding on berries and other fruits
C. Carnivores, hunting for smaller insects	D. Herbivores, eating leaves from oak and hazelnut trees

**Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).**

- 11) "If I see a predator I might squirt out a smelly spray to scare them away!"



- 12) "My body is super skinny, in fact, I look like a stick!"
- 13) "I can match my color with greens to browns to stay hidden from threats."
- 14) "I have a carnivorous diet, I love eating insects."
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- 16) "The way I lay eggs is by carefully placing them one by one."
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- 18) "When a danger comes near, sometimes I will play dead or drop down from trees to hide."
- 19) "Did you know my body is super skinny? My shape helps me easily hide among twigs and leaves."
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- 28) When a female walking stick lays her eggs, she drops them to the ground.
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- 32) Walking sticks are insects that have a body and legs that are long and thin.
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- 35) Walking sticks eat leaves, especially from oak and hazelnut trees.
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# Walking Sticks

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

1. \_\_\_\_\_

26. \_\_\_\_\_

51. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_

27. \_\_\_\_\_

52. \_\_\_\_\_

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53. \_\_\_\_\_

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48. \_\_\_\_\_

24. \_\_\_\_\_

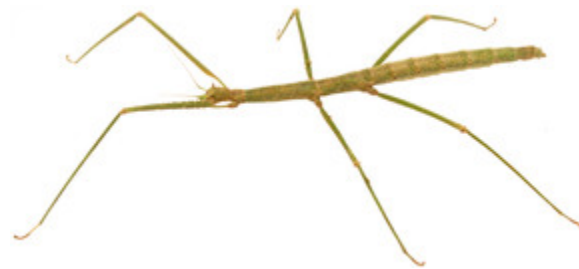
49. \_\_\_\_\_

25. \_\_\_\_\_

50. \_\_\_\_\_



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- 43) Female walking sticks lay their eggs on tree leaves.
- 44) Baby walking sticks spin a cocoon after only a year of life.
- 45) Walking sticks do not have any defenses.
- 46) Walking sticks may drop from trees to escape from predators.
- 47) Walking sticks have a smelly spray to scare predators away.

**Determine which choice is the expanded form of the underlined contraction.**

- 48) Walking sticks don't cause any harm to humans.
  - A. does not
  - B. do not
  - C. did not
  - D. will not
- 49) They've been found living in forests and grasslands.
  - A. They have
  - B. They were
  - C. They had
  - D. They will
- 50) Walking sticks can't change their size, but they can change colors.
  - A. can
  - B. will
  - C. won't
  - D. cannot
- 51) It's amazing how walking sticks can grow their legs back if they lose them.
  - A. It is
  - B. It was
  - C. It am
  - D. It has
- 52) They're found in warm climates like tropical and subtropical regions.
  - A. They am
  - B. They is
  - C. They are
  - D. They were

**Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).**

- 53) Their life cycle includes eggs, nymphs, and adults.
- 54) Some walking sticks live in trees their whole lives, that's amazing!
- 55) Some walking sticks have wings, while others do not.
- 56) Can walking sticks fly?
- 57) Do walking sticks eat leaves?
- 58) Walking sticks can play dead to fool predators, what an amazing trick!
- 59) Some walking sticks can squirt a smelly liquid to deter predators.
- 60) Can walking sticks change colors?
- 61) It's astonishing that a walking stick can grow as long as two feet!



- 1.     **A**
- 2.     **B**
- 3.     **A**
- 4.     **C**
- 5.     **D**
- 6.     **A**
- 7.     **A**
- 8.     **B**
- 9.     **A**
- 10.     **D**
- 11.     **true**
- 12.     **true**
- 13.     **true**
- 14.     **false**
- 15.     **true**
- 16.     **false**
- 17.     **false**
- 18.     **true**
- 19.     **true**
- 20.     **true**
- 21.     **false**
- 22.     **true**
- 23.     **false**
- 24.     **true**
- 25.     **false**

- 26.     **false**
- 27.     **true**
- 28.     **fact**
- 29.     **opinion**
- 30.     **fact**
- 31.     **opinion**
- 32.     **fact**
- 33.     **opinion**
- 34.     **fact**
- 35.     **fact**
- 36.     **opinion**
- 37.     **opinion**
- 38.     **true**
- 39.     **false**
- 40.     **true**
- 41.     **false**
- 42.     **true**
- 43.     **false**
- 44.     **false**
- 45.     **false**
- 46.     **true**
- 47.     **true**
- 48.     **B**
- 49.     **A**
- 50.     **D**

- 51.     **A**
- 52.     **C**
- 53.     **declarative**
- 54.     **exclamatory**
- 55.     **declarative**
- 56.     **interrogative**
- 57.     **interrogative**
- 58.     **exclamatory**
- 59.     **declarative**
- 60.     **interrogative**
- 61.     **exclamatory**



Solve each problem.

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C.      D.
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C.      D.
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