Whooshing through the sky with grace, here come the swans, one of nature's most elegant birds! These large, beautiful birds are known for their long, curved necks and soft, white feathers. But did you know that not all swans are white? Some are black or even black and white! With their wide, strong wings, they look like they are dancing when they fly.

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Just like us, swans have their favorite food too! Swans are omnivorous, which means they eat both plants and small animals. They love to munch on aquatic plants, grasses, and grains, but they also eat insects, fish, and small water animals when they can catch them. Swans are not picky eaters, but they do prefer to eat in the water where they can use their long necks to reach food.



Now, let's paddle further into the swan's life cycle and their relationship with humans and other animals. Swans usually mate for life and both parents take care of the eggs and cygnets (baby swans). Humans and swans have a long history together, with swans often appearing in our stories and art, but we need to remember to respect them and their habitats. And remember, while swans are generally peaceful animals, they can be very protective of their young and will use their strong wings to defend themselves if they feel threatened.

Solv		Swan Nam	10.
	e each problem.		
Use	the article to answer the question.		
1)	Are swans found all over the world?		
	A. No, swans are only found in cold areas.	B. No, swans are only found in Ame	erica.
	C. No, swans are only found in warm areas.	D. Yes, swans are found all over the world.	e
2)	Do swans usually mate for life? Who tak	tes care of the eggs and cygnets?	
	A. Yes, they mate for life but only one parent takes care of the eggs and cygnets	B. Yes, they mate for life and both parents take care of the eggs and cygnets	
	C. No, they don't mate for life and only one parent takes care of the eggs and cygnets	D. They don't mate for life but both	
3)	Do all swans have white feathers?		
	A. No	B. Yes	
	C. Swans have feathers of different colors when they are born and they turn white as they grow	D. Only baby swans have white feat	thers
4)	Which best describes swans eating habits	s?	
	A. Swans are herbivores.	B. Swans do not eat.	
	C. Swans are omnivores	D. Swans are carnivores.	
5)	Are swans generally peaceful animals?		
	A. No	B. Only the females are peaceful	
	C. Only the males are peaceful	D. Yes	
6)	Where do swans prefer to eat?		
,	A. Swans prefer to eat in trees.	B. Swans eat in the sky while flying	z .
	C. Swans prefer to eat in the water.	D. Swans prefer to eat on land in the nests.	eir
7)	When will swans defend themselves?		
	A. When they are searching for food	B. Only during mating season	
	C. When they feel threatened	D. When they are playing around	
8)	What are baby swans called?		
	A. Baby swans are called chicks.	B. Baby swans are called ducklings.	•
		D. Baby swans are called cygnets.	

		Swan	Name:
9)	What are swans known for?		
	A. Their small, round bodies and long spiky feathers	g, B.	Their long, curved beaks and webbed feet
	C. Their long, curved necks and soft, white feathers	D.	Their short, straight necks and colorful feathers

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

- **10**) "Did you know we make good parents? Both males and females take care of the eggs and cygnets."
- 11) "I have a strong beak and strong wings to defend myself when I'm in danger."
- 12) "Not all of us are white you know. Some of us have black or black and white feathers."
- 13) "I don't eat plants."

- 14) "I always eat in water. My long neck is perfect for reaching food there."
- 15) "I can only be found in the warm areas of Australia and Africa."
- 16) "I don't need water, I prefer living on dry land."
- 17) "While I'm mostly vegetarian, I do like a good seafood dish like fish."
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- **19)** "Did you know swans mate for life? That's right, once we choose a partner, we stay together."
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- 23) "I have a long, curved neck that make me stand out."
- 24) "We can't be found in cold climates."
- 25) "We swans don't take care of our eggs we lay them and then leave."
- 26) "Unlike a lot of birds you can find me even in the cold areas of Russia and Canada."

Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 27) It's fascinating that swans can sleep while floating on water.
- 28) It is incredible that swans can use their strong wings to defend themselves.
- **29)** It is pretty impressive that swans can live all over the world, even in cold places like Canada and Russia.
- 30) Swans come in more colors than just white: some swans are black or even black and white.
- 31) Swans are scary because they can be very protective of their young.
- 32) Swans are omnivorous, which means they eat both plants and small animals.
- **33**) Swans' white feathers make them look even more beautiful.
- **34)** While swans are generally calm animals, they can become very defensive and protective of their young.

Determine if the statement is true or false.



Swan

- **35**) Both male and female swans will take care of the eggs.
- **36)** All swans are white.
- **37**) Swans are omnivorous.
- **38)** Swans cannot fly because of their weight.
- **39)** Swans are excellent swimmers and divers.
- 40) Swans spend most of their time on land or in the air as they are unable to swim.
- 41) Swans are carnivores and only eat insects.
- 42) Unlike other animals, only the male swans take care of the baby swans.
- **43**) Swans can be black.
- 44) Swans can live in both cold and warm climates.

Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- **45**) Swans build nests to lay their eggs in.
- **46)** Do baby swans look like their parents?
- **47**) Swans can be white or black.
- **48)** Swans have long necks.
- **49**) Are swans black or white?
- **50)** Can swans fly?

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	24.	49.		
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Solv	ve each problem.		
Use	the article to answer the question.		
1)	Are swans found all over the world?		
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	C. Swans have feathers of different colors when they are born and they turn white as they grow	D.	Only baby swans have white feathers
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	C. Baby swans are called calf.	D.	Baby swans are called cygnets.

		Swan	Name: Answer	Key
9)	What are swans known for?			
	A. Their small, round bodies and long spiky feathers	g, B.	Their long, curved beaks and webbed feet	
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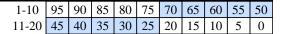
Determine if the statement is true or false.

	Swan	Name:	Answer Key		
35)	Both male and female swans will take care of the eggs.				
36)	All swans are white.				
37)	Swans are omnivorous.				
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40)	Swans spend most of their time on land or in the air as they are unable to swim.				
41)	Swans are carnivores and only eat insects.				

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			Swan		Name:	Answer Key
1.	D	26.	true			
2.	В	27.	opinion			
3.	A	28	opinion			
4.	С	29	opinion			
5.	D		fact			
6.	С	31	opinion			
7.	С	32	fact			
8.	D	33.	opinion			
9.	С	34	fact			
10.	true	35	true			
11.	true	36	false			
12.	true	37	true			
13.	false	38	false			
14.	true	39	true			
15.	false	40	false			
16.	false	41	false			
17.	true	42	false			
18.	true	43	true			
19.	true	44	true			
20.	false	45	declarative			
21.	true	46	interrogative			
22.	false	47	declarative			
23.	true	48	declarative			
24.	false	49	interrogative			
25.	false	50	interrogative			
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Swan

		Swan	Name.
Sol	ve each problem.		
Use	the article to answer the question.		
1)	Are swans found all over the world? (pa	aragraph 2)	
	А.	В.	No, swans are only found in America.
	С.	D.	Yes, swans are found all over the world.
2)	Do swans usually mate for life? Who ta	akes care o	of the eggs and cygnets? (paragraph 4)
	A. Yes, they mate for life but only one parent takes care of the eggs and cygnets	e B.	Yes, they mate for life and both parents take care of the eggs and cygnets
	С.	D.	
2)	Do all awars have white faothers?		
3)	Do all swans have white feathers? (parag A. No	-	Yes
	C.	D.	103
	С.	D.	
4)	Which best describes swans eating hab		
	A. Swans are herbivores.		Swans do not eat.
	C. Swans are omnivores	D.	
5)	Are swans generally peaceful animals?	(paragraph 4)	
	A. No	B.	Only the females are peaceful
	С.	D.	Yes
6)	Where do swans prefer to eat? (paragraph ?	3)	
0)	A. Swans prefer to eat in trees.		Swans eat in the sky while flying.
	C. Swans prefer to eat in the water.	D.	
-	-		
7)	When will swans defend themselves?		Only during moting appen
	A.		Only during mating season
	C. When they feel threatened	D.	
8)	What are baby swans called? (paragraph 4)		
	А.		Baby swans are called ducklings.
	С.	D.	Baby swans are called cygnets.
9)	What are swans known for? (paragraph 1)		
,	A. Their small, round bodies and long	, B.	Their long, curved beaks and webbed
	spiky feathers		feet
	C. Their long, curved necks and soft, white feathers	D.	

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

10) "Did you know we make good parents? Both males and females take care of the eggs and cygnets." (paragraph 4)



Swan

- 11) "I have a strong beak and strong wings to defend myself when I'm in danger." (paragraph 4)
- 12) "Not all of us are white you know. Some of us have black or black and white feathers." (paragraph 1)