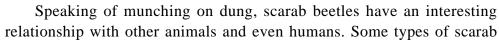
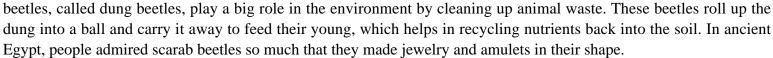


Did you know there are bugs that were once considered sacred in ancient Egypt? Those bugs are called scarab beetles and they have an extraordinary shiny armor that can be in different colors like green, brown, or even gold. They are small, usually less than 6 inches long, and have strong wings hidden under their hard shell. These beetles are famous for their unusual round shape, which makes them look like a tiny ball.

From being shaped like a little ball, let's roll into the life of scarab beetles. These little creatures love warm environments and you can find them in every continent except Antarctica. Just like us, they go through a life cycle - from being an egg, then a larva, a pupa, and finally, an adult beetle. Believe it or not, most of their life is spent as a larva, munching on a variety of things from plants, fruits, to even animal dung!







Now that we've looked at their life and their importance, let's dive into how scarab beetles protect themselves. To avoid predators, these beetles can fly away or hide under the soil. Some scarab beetles have strong jaws which they can use to bite if they feel threatened. So there you have it, the scarab beetles aren't just shiny bugs, they are nature's little cleaners and ancient symbols of transformation.





Solve each problem.

Use the article to answer the question.

- 1) What is special about scarab beetles in history?
 - A. They were originally only found in Antarctica.
- B. They were once used as currency in Rome.
- C. They were responsible for many deaths in Europe
- D. They were considered sacred in Egypt.
- 2) What is the first stage in a scarab beetles life?
 - A. Adult Beetle B. Egg C. Pupa D. Larva
- 3) What is the size of scarab beetles?

A. They are around a foot long B. Shorter than 6 inches C. Usually about a meter D. They are microscopic

4) Which choice is not a place scarab beetles be found?

A. Africa B. Europe C. Antarctica D. Asia

5) What type of scarab beetle is known for eating animal waste?

A. Dung Beetles B. Rhinoceros Beetle

C. Goliath Beetles D. June Bugs

6) How do scarab beetles protect themselves from predators?

A. They disguise themselves as other bugs

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- 7) What stage does the scarab beetle spend most of its life?

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- **10**) "I can't fly but I am a very quick crawler."
- 11) "In ancient Egypt, no one really cared much for us scarab beetles."
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1-10	95	90	85	80	75	70	65	60	55	50
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Scarab Beetles Name:

- 13) "My life begins as an egg, then I turn into a larva, to becoming a pupa, and finally, a mature beetle."
- **14**) "I am really big, bigger than most insects."
- 15) "My cousin, the dung beetle, uses dung to feed their young. Yuck!"
- 16) "If danger's near, I can either hide under the soil or fly away using my strong wings!"
- 17) "I like cool environments and prefer to live in Antarctica."
- 18) "You can mostly find me in cold environments."
- 19) "I was born looking the same as my adult self, just smaller!"
- **20**) "I was considered a symbol of destruction in ancient Egypt."
- 21) "My life mostly consists of eating, and as a larva, I munch on plants, fruits, and even animal dung."
- 22) "In ancient Egypt, I was so greatly admired that they made jewelry and amulets in my shape."
- 23) "My shiny shell comes in a whole range of colors like green, brown, or gold!"
- 24) "Some of us, called dung beetles, play a big role in cleaning up animal waste!"
- 25) "While growing up, I enjoy my adult stage the most as it's the longest part of my life."
- 26) "While my shell looks like a solid piece of armor, I actually use it to hide my wings."
- 27) "You can find my kind in every continent, except for the chilly Antarctica!"

Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- **28)** Most of the life of scarab beetles is spent as a larva, eating things like plants, fruits, and animal dung.
- **29**) Scarab beetles are fascinating because they can be of different colors like green and brown.
- **30**) Scarab beetles can be found on every continent except Antarctica.
- 31) Scarab beetles are incredible because they can fly and hide under the soil.
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- 33) It is interesting that a scarab beetle spends most of its life as a larva.
- 34) Scarab beetles can protect themselves by flying away or hiding under the soil.
- 35) Scarab beetles have strong wings that are hidden under their hard shell.
- **36)** You would be amazed to see how tiny these Scarab beetles are.
- 37) Their round shape makes scarab beetles cuter than other insects.

Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **38)** Scarab beetles were once considered sacred in ancient Egypt.
- **39**) Scarab beetles have no jaws and cannot bite.
- **40**) Most of a scarab beetle's life is spent as a larva.
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Name:

- **44**) In ancient Egypt, people despised scarab beetles.
- **45**) Scarab beetles spend most of their life as adults.
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- 47) Some scarab beetles clean up the environment by rolling up animal waste.

Determine which choice is the expanded form of the underlined contraction.

- **48)** Scarab beetles <u>can't</u> fly very far, but they're still pretty good at moving around.
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C. do not

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- **49**) <u>It's</u> amazing how scarab beetles can help the environment by breaking down waste.
 - A. It is

B. It was

C. It has

D. It does

- 50) Scarab beetles aren't just found in Egypt, they're found all over the world.
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- **52)** Did you know there's a type of scarab beetle called the dung beetle?
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Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- 53) The fact that some Scarab beetles eat dung is disgusting!
- 54) Understand why ancient Egyptians considered scarab beetles to be sacred.
- 55) What colors can scarab beetles be?
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- 63) It's amazing how scarab beetles were considered sacred in Ancient Egypt!
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	Scarab Beetles	3	Name:
1.	 26.	51.	_
2.	 27.	52.	_
3.	 28.	53.	_
4	 29.	54.	_
5	 30.	55.	_
6	 31.	56.	_
7.	 32.	57.	_
8.	 33.	58.	_
9	 34.	59.	_
10.	 35.	60.	_
11	 36.	61.	_
12.	 37.	62.	_
13	 38.	63.	_
14	 39.	64.	_
15	 40.		
16.	 41		
17	 42.		
18.	 43.		
19.	 44.		
20.	 45.		
21.	 46.		

22.

23.

24.

47.

48.

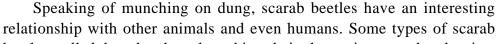
49.

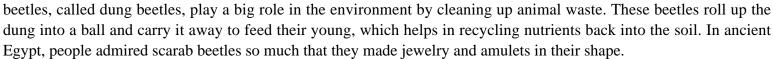
50.



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Name: Answer Key

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		1-10	95	90	85	80	75	70	65	60	55	50
Sheets.com	Page 3 of 4	11-20	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	5	0

Jame:

Answer Key

1.	D	26.	true
2.	B	27.	true
3.	B	28.	fact
4.	C	29.	opinion
5.	A	30.	fact
6.	В	31.	opinion
7.	D	32.	fact
8.	C	33.	opinion
9.	D	34.	fact
10.	false	35.	fact
11.	false	36.	opinion
12.	true	37.	opinion
13.	true	38.	true
14.	false	39.	false
15.	true	40.	true
16.	true	41.	false
17.	false	42.	true
18.	false	43.	false
19.	false	44.	false
20.	false	45.	false
21.	true	46.	true
22.	true	47.	true
23.	true	48.	В
24.	true	49.	A
25.	false	50.	D

		N
51.	A	
52.	C	
53.	exclamatory	
54.	imperative	
55.	interrogative	
56.	exclamatory	
57.	declarative	
58.	interrogative	
59.	declarative	_
60.	interrogative	_
61.	declarative	_
62.	imperative	
63.	exclamatory	
64.	imperative	_

Name:

Solve each problem.

U	se	the	article	e to	answer	the	question.
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1) What is special about scarab beetles in history? (paragraph 1)

A. They were originally only found in

Antarctica.

C. D. They were considered sacred in

Egypt.

2) What is the first stage in a scarab beetles life? (paragraph 2)

A. Adult Beetle B. Egg

C. D.

3) What is the size of scarab beetles? (paragraph 1)

B. Shorter than 6 inches A.

C. D.

4) Which choice is not a place scarab beetles be found? (paragraph 2)

A. B. Europe

C. Antarctica D.

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Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

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Name:

- "In ancient Egypt, no one really cared much for us scarab beetles." (paragraph 3)
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