



Hey there, have you ever spotted a bird standing on one leg, colored in shades of pink and red? That's a flamingo, a beautiful bird that gets its dazzling color from eating certain types of food, like shrimp and algae. These stunning creatures have long, lean necks and equally long legs that help them wade in deep waters. Flamingos have a unique beak that's bent in the middle, which they use like a filter to catch their food in water.

Speaking of food, let's dive into a flamingo's typical menu. They love to munch on small creatures like shrimps, snails, and microscopic organisms known as plankton. These animals contain a natural pigment called carotenoids that gives flamingos their pink color. When baby flamingos are born, they are grey or white, but they start to turn pink after eating food containing carotenoids.



Now that we have our bellies full, let's take a trip to where these beautiful birds hang out. Flamingos live in parts of Africa, Asia, the Americas, and Europe, but the majority of them love to hang out in parts of Africa and South America. They love living in large groups, sometimes with thousands of other flamingos, around lakes, lagoons, and swamps. Living in large groups helps protect them from predators and increases their chances of finding a mate.



If you're wondering how we humans interact with flamingos, you're in for a treat. People around the world adore flamingos and often visit places where they live to watch their elegant movements and beautiful colors. However, humans can also pose a threat to flamingos by disturbing their natural habitats. So, while we admire these beautiful birds, it's important to remember to protect their homes so they can continue to thrive and paint our world pink with their presence.



Solve each problem.

Use the article to answer the question.

- 1) What are some foods flamingos eat?
A. Fish, frogs, and insects
B. Nuts, seeds, and berries
C. Shrimps, snails, and plankton
D. Grass, leaves, and fruits

- 2) How do flamingos get their dazzling color?
A. By rolling in colored mud.
B. By eating certain types of food like shrimp and algae.
C. By bathing in bright colored water.
D. They are born with it.

- 3) What color are baby flamingos when they are born?
A. Black or brown
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C. Yellow or orange
D. Grey or white

- 4) What is a threat to flamingos?
A. Humans disturbing their natural habitats
B. Heavy snow and ice
C. Rainstorms and floods
D. Fire in the forest

- 5) What is the purpose of a flamingo's long legs?
A. To help them climb trees
B. To help them fly
C. To help them wade in deep waters
D. To help them run fast

- 6) What gives flamingos their pink color?
A. Carotenoids
B. Melanin
C. Keratin
D. Chlorophyll

- 7) Where do most flamingos live?
A. Parts of Africa and South America
B. Parts of Asia and Europe
C. Parts of North America and Australia
D. Parts of Antarctica and Arctic

- 8) What kind of habitats do flamingos like?
A. Lakes, lagoons, and swamps
B. Fields, meadows, and hills
C. Deserts, mountains, and forests
D. Cities, towns, and villages

- 9) What's special about a flamingo's beak?
A. It is bent in the middle and they use it like a filter to catch their food in water.
B. It changes color to match their surroundings.
C. It's long and helps them reach high food sources.
D. It is very sharp and helps them catch fish.

- 10) Why do flamingos live in large groups?
A. For warmth
B. For play
C. For protection from predators
D. For food

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

- 11) "I use my beak for hunting on the ground for worms."



- 12) "I mainly inhabit places in Australia."
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- 16) "I like to eat fruits and vegetables."
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- 18) "Living in large groups helps me increase my chances of finding a mate."
- 19) "My unique beak is bent in the middle and I use it like a filter to catch my food in water."
- 20) "I enjoy being solitary and independent."
- 21) "I am born with a beautiful pink color."
- 22) "I prefer to live alone."
- 23) "I get my pink color from eating food containing carotenoids."
- 24) "I like to live in small groups of less than 20."
- 25) "We grow up together in huge groups. There are sometimes thousands of us in one place."
- 26) "I love living near water. Lakes, lagoons, and swamps are where I call home."
- 27) "I can be found all over the world, from Africa to Europe."
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- 30) "We usually live in large groups so that we can help protect each other."

Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 31) Living in large groups helps flamingos to stay safe from predators.
- 32) The long neck of a flamingo is the most interesting part of its body.
- 33) Flamingos eat small creatures like shrimp, snails, and plankton.
- 34) Flamingos look the best when they are standing on one leg.
- 35) Flamingos obtain their pink color from their diet.
- 36) Flamingos are the best birds to watch because of their graceful movements.
- 37) Flamingos can usually be found around lakes, lagoons, and swamps.
- 38) Baby flamingos are not born pink.
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- 41) Living in large groups helps protect flamingos from predators.
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- 46) Flamingos mainly feed on large animals like tortoises and rabbits.
- 47) Flamingos eat only plants and seeds.
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Determine which choice is the expanded form of the underlined contraction.



Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- 56) Flamingos build their nests out of mud.
- 57) Flamingos are pink because of their diet, isn't that astonishing!
- 58) It's incredible to know that flamingos have been around for 30 million years!
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- 61) Flamingos can stand on one leg for a long time.
- 62) Do flamingos lay eggs?
- 63) Flamingos can live up to 50 years, imagine that!
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- 65) How tall can flamingos grow?
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- 69) Did you know that a flock of flamingos is called a "flamboyance", how unique is that!
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Flamingo

Name: _____

1. _____ 26. _____ 51. _____

2. _____ 27. _____ 52. _____

3. _____ 28. _____ 53. _____

4. _____ 29. _____ 54. _____

5. _____ 30. _____ 55. _____

6. _____ 31. _____ 56. _____

7. _____ 32. _____ 57. _____

8. _____ 33. _____ 58. _____

9. _____ 34. _____ 59. _____

10. _____ 35. _____ 60. _____

11. _____ 36. _____ 61. _____

12. _____ 37. _____ 62. _____

13. _____ 38. _____ 63. _____

14. _____ 39. _____ 64. _____

15. _____ 40. _____ 65. _____

16. _____ 41. _____ 66. _____

17. _____ 42. _____ 67. _____

18. _____ 43. _____ 68. _____

19. _____ 44. _____ 69. _____

20. _____ 45. _____ 70. _____

21. _____ 46. _____ 71. _____

22. _____ 47. _____

23. _____ 48. _____

24. _____ 49. _____

25. _____ 50. _____



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1.	C	26.	Would	51.	B
2.	B	27.	Would	52.	A
3.	D	28.	Not	53.	D
4.	A	29.	Would	54.	A
5.	C	30.	Would	55.	C
6.	A	31.	fact	56.	declarative
7.	A	32.	opinion	57.	exclamatory
8.	A	33.	fact	58.	exclamatory
9.	A	34.	opinion	59.	exclamatory
10.	C	35.	fact	60.	exclamatory
11.	Not	36.	opinion	61.	declarative
12.	Not	37.	fact	62.	interrogative
13.	Would	38.	fact	63.	exclamatory
14.	Not	39.	opinion	64.	declarative
15.	Not	40.	opinion	65.	interrogative
16.	Not	41.	true	66.	exclamatory
17.	Would	42.	false	67.	interrogative
18.	Would	43.	true	68.	exclamatory
19.	Would	44.	false	69.	exclamatory
20.	Not	45.	true	70.	exclamatory
21.	Not	46.	false	71.	exclamatory
22.	Not	47.	false		
23.	Would	48.	false		
24.	Not	49.	true		
25.	Would	50.	true		



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Use the article to answer the question.

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C. D.
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B. C.
D.
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